

SEMESTERVIII

BP801T.BIOSTATISTICSANDRESEARCHMETHODOLOGY(Theory)

45Hours

Scope: To understand the applications of Biostatistics in Pharmacy. This subject deals with descriptive statistics, Graphics, Correlation, Regression, logistic regression, Probability theory, Sampling technique, Parametric tests, NonParametric tests, ANOVA, Introduction to Design of Experiments, Phases of Clinical trials and Observational and Experimental studies, SPSS, and MINITAB statistical software's, analyzing the statistical data using Excel.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- Know the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, and MINITAB®,
DoE (Design of Experiment)
- Know the various statistical techniques to solve statistical problems
- Appreciate statistical techniques in solving the problems.

Course content:

Unit-I **10Hours**

Introduction: Statistics, Biostatistics, Frequency distribution

Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode- Pharmaceutical examples
Measures of dispersion: Dispersion, Range, standard deviation, Pharmaceutical problems

Correlation: Definition, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, Multiple correlation - Pharmaceutical examples

Unit-II **10Hours**

Regression: Curve fitting by the method of least squares, fitting the lines $y = a + bx$ and $x = a + by$, Multiple regression, standard error of regression-

Pharmaceutical Examples
Probability: Definition of probability, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, Poisson's distribution, properties -problems

Sample, Population, large sample, small sample, Null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis, sampling, essence of sampling, types of sampling, Error-I type, Error-II type, Standard error of mean (SEM) - Pharmaceutical examples

Parametric test: t-test (Sample, Pooled or Unpaired and Paired), ANOVA, (One way and Two way), Least Significant difference

Unit-III **10Hours**

Non Parametric tests: Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test, Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test, Friedman Test

Introduction to Research: Need for research, Need for design of Experiments, Experiential Design Technique, plagiarism
Graphs: Histogram, Pie Chart, Cubic Graph, response surface plot, Counter Plot
graphDesigningthemethodology: Sample size determination and Power of a study, Report writing and presentation of data, Protocol, Cohorts studies, Observational studies, Experimental studies, Designing clinical trial, various phases.

Unit-IV **8Hours**

Blocking and confounding system for Two-level factorials

Regression modeling: Hypothesis testing in Simple and Multiple regression models
Introduction to Practical components of Industrial and Clinical Trials Problems: Statistical Analysis Using Excel, SPSS, MINITAB®, DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS, R-Online Statistical Software's to Industrial and Clinical trial approach

Unit-V **7Hours**

Design and Analysis of experiments:

Factorial Design: Definition, 2^2 , 2^3 design. Advantage of factorial design

Response Surface methodology: Central composite design, Historical design, Optimization Techniques

Recommended Books (Latest edition):

1. Pharmaceutical statistics-
Practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton, publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
2. Fundamental of Statistics - Himalaya Publishing House-S.C. Gupta
3. Design and Analysis of Experiments - PHI Learning Private Limited, R. Pannerselvam,
4. Design and Analysis of Experiments - Wiley Students Edition, Douglas and C. Montgomery

BP802TSOCIALAND PREVENTIVEPHARMACY (Theory)

Hours:45

Scope:

The purpose of this course is to introduce to students a number of health issues and their challenges. This course also introduced a number of national health programmes. The roles of the pharmacist in these contexts are also discussed.

Objectives:

After the successful completion of this course, the student shall be able to:

- Acquire high consciousness/realization of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and worldwide.
- Have a critical way of thinking based on current healthcare development.
- Evaluate alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutical issues

Course content:

UnitI:

10Hours

Concept of health and disease: Definition, concepts and evaluation of public health. Understanding the concept of prevention and control of disease, social causes of diseases and social problems of the sick.

Social and health education: Food in relation to nutrition and health, Balanced diet, Nutritional deficiencies, Vitamin deficiencies, Malnutrition and its prevention.

Sociology and health: Socio cultural factors related to health and disease, Impact of urbanization on health and disease, Poverty and health

Hygiene and health: personal hygiene and healthcare; avoidable habits

UnitII:

10Hours

Preventive medicine: General principles of prevention and control of diseases such as cholera, SARS, Ebola virus, influenza, acute respiratory infections, malaria, chickenguinea, dengue, lymphatic filariasis, pneumonia, hypertension, diabetes mellitus, cancer, drug addiction - drug substance abuse

UnitIII:

10Hours

National health programs, its objectives, functioning and outcome of the following: HIV and AIDS control programme, TB, Integrated diseases surveillance program (IDSP), National leprosy control programme, National mental health program, National

programme for prevention and control of deafness, Universal immunization programme,Nationalprogrammeforcontrolofblindness,Pulsepolioprogamme.

UnitIV: **08Hours**

National health intervention programme for mother and child, National family welfareprogramme, National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Prevention Program,National programme for the health care for the elderly, Social health programme; role of WHOinIndian nationalprogram

UnitV: **07Hours**

Community services in rural, urban and school health: Functions of PHC,Improvement in rural sanitation, national urban health mission, Health promotion and education inschool.

Recommended Books(Latest edition):

1. Short Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, Prabhakara GN, 2nd Edition,2010,ISBN: 9789380704104, JAYPEE Publications
2. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine (Mahajan and Gupta), Edited by Roy Rabindra Nath, Saha Indranil, 4th Edition, 2013, ISBN: 9789350901878, JAYPEE Publications
3. Review of Preventive and Social Medicine (Including Biostatistics), Jain Vivek, 6th Edition,2014,ISBN: 9789351522331, JAYPEE Publications
4. Essentials of Community Medicine—
A Practical Approach, Hiremath Lalita D, Hiremath Dhananjaya A, 2nd Edition, 2012, ISBN :9789350250440, JAYPEE Publications
5. Park Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, K Park, 21st Edition, 2011, ISBN-14:9788190128285, BANARSIDAS BHANOT PUBLISHERS.
6. Community Pharmacy Practice, Ramesh Adepu, BSP publishers, Hyderabad

Recommended Journals:

1. Research in Social and Administrative Pharmacy, Elsevier, Ireland

BP803ET. Pharmaceutical Marketing Management (Theory)

45Hours

Scope:

The pharmaceutical industry not only needs highly qualified researchers, chemists and technical people, but also requires skilled managers who can take the industry forward by managing and taking the complex decisions which are imperative for the growth of the industry. The Knowledge and Know-how of marketing management groom the people for taking a challenging role in Sales and Product management.

Course Objective: The course aims to provide an understanding of marketing concepts and techniques and their applications in the pharmaceutical industry.

UnitI **10Hours**

Marketing:

Definition, general concepts and scope of marketing; Distinction between marketing & selling; Marketing environment; Industry and competitive analysis; Analyzing consumer buying behavior; industrial buying behavior.

Pharmaceutical market:

Quantitative and qualitative aspects; size and composition of the market; demographic descriptions and socio-psychological characteristics of the consumer; market segmentation & targeting. Consumer profile; Motivation and prescribing habits of the physician; patients' choice of physician and retail pharmacist. Analyzing the Market; Role of market research.

UnitII **10Hours**

Product decision:

Classification, product line and product mix decisions, product lifecycle, product portfolio analysis; product positioning; New product decisions; Product branding, packaging and labeling decisions, Product management in pharmaceutical industry.

UnitIII **10Hours**

Promotion:

Methods, determinants of promotional mix, promotional budget; An overview of personal selling, advertising, direct mail, journals, sampling, retailing, medical exhibition, public relations, online promotional techniques for OTC products.

UnitIV **10Hours**

Pharmaceuticalmarketingchannels:

Designingchannel,channelmembers,selectingtheappropriatechannel,conflictinchannels,phy
sicaldistributionmanagement:Strategicimportance,tasksinphysicaldistributionmanagement.

Professionalsalesrepresentative(PSR):

DutiesofPSR,purposeofdetailing,selectionandtraining,supervising,normsforcustomercalls,
motivating,evaluating,compensationandfutureprospectsofthePSR.

UnitV **10Hours**

Pricing:

Meaning, importance, objectives, determinants of price; pricing methods and
strategies,issuesinpricemanagementinpharmaceuticalindustry.AnoverviewofDPCO(DrugP
riceControlOrder)andNPPA(NationalPharmaceuticalPricingAuthority).

Emergingconceptsinmarketing:

Vertical & Horizontal Marketing; RuralMarketing; Consumerism; Industrial
Marketing;GlobalMarketing.

Recommended Books:(LatestEditions)

1. PhilipKotlerandKevinLaneKeller:MarketingManagement,PrenticeHallofIndia,NewDel
hi
2. Walker,BoydandLarreche:MarketingStrategy-PlanningandImplementation,TataMC
GrawHill,NewDelhi.
3. DhruvGrewalandMichaelLevy:Marketing,TataMCGrawHill
4. ArunKumarandNMenakshi:MarketingManagement,VikasPublishing,India
5. RajanSaxena:MarketingManagement; TataMC Graw-Hill(IndiaEdition)
6. Ramaswamy,U.S&Nanakamari,S:MarketingManagemnt:GlobalPerspective,IndianCon
text,MacmillanIndia,NewDelhi.
7. Shanker,Ravi:ServiceMarketing,ExcelBooks,NewDelhi
8. SubbaRaoChanganti,PharmaceuticalMarketinginIndia(GIFT–
Excelseries)ExcelPublications.

BP804ET:PHARMACEUTICALREGULATORYSCIENCE(Theory)

45Hours

Scope: This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the regulatory requirements for approval of new drugs, and drug products in regulated markets of India & other countries like US, EU, Japan, Australia, UK etc. It prepares the students to learn in detail on the regulatory requirements, documentation requirements, and registration procedures for marketing the drug products.

Objectives: Upon completion of the subject students shall be able to;

1. Know about the process of drug discovery and development
2. Know the regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals
3. Know the regulatory approval process and their registration in Indian and international markets

Course content:

UnitI **10Hours**

New Drug Discovery and development

Stages of drug discovery, Drug development process, pre-clinical studies, non-clinical activities, clinical studies, Innovator and generics, Concept of generics, Generic drug product development.

UnitII **10Hours**

Regulatory Approval Process

Approval processes and timelines involved in Investigational New Drug (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA). Changes to an approved NDA/ ANDA.

Regulatory authorities and agencies

Overview of regulatory authorities of India, United States, European Union, Australia, Japan, Canada (Organization structure and types of applications)

UnitIII **10Hours**

Registration of Indian drug product in overseas market

Procedure for export of pharmaceutical products, Technical documentation, Drug Master Files (DMF), Common Technical Document (CTD), electronic Common Technical

Document(eCTD), ASEAN Common Technical Document (ACTD) research.

Unit IV

08 Hours

Clinical trials

Developing clinical trial protocols, Institutional Review Board/Independent Ethics Committee-formation and working procedures, Informed consent process and procedures, GCP obligations of Investigators, sponsors & Monitors, Managing trials, Pharmacovigilance-safety monitoring in clinical trials, and Monitoring clinical

Unit V

07 Hours

Regulatory Concepts

Basic terminology, guidance, guidelines, regulations, Laws and Acts, Orange book, Federal Register, Code of Federal Regulatory, Purple book

Recommended books(Latest edition):

1. Drug Regulatory Affairs by Sachin Itkar, Dr. N.S. Vyawahare, Nirali Prakashan.
2. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P. Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. 185. Informa Healthcare Publishers.
3. New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD, 5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. 190.
4. Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions/Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
5. FDA Regulatory Affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics/edited by Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.
6. Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and Isadore Kaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol. 143
7. Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A. Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams
8. Principles and Practices of Clinical Research, Second Edition Edited by John I. Gallin and Frederick P. Ognibene
9. Drugs: From Discovery to Approval, Second Edition By Rick Ng

BP805T:PHARMACOVIGILANCE(Theory)

45hours

Scope: This paper will provide an opportunity for the student to learn about development of pharmacovigilance as a science, basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance, global scenario of Pharmacovigilance, train students on establishing pharmacovigilance programme in an organization, various methods that can be used to generate safety data and signal detection. This paper also develops the skills of classifying drugs, diseases and adverse drug reactions.

Objectives:

At completion of this paper it is expected that students will be able to (know, do, and appreciate):

1. Why drug safety monitoring is important?
2. History and development of pharmacovigilance
3. National and international scenario of pharmacovigilance
4. Dictionaries, coding and terminologies used in pharmacovigilance
5. Detection of new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
6. International standards for classification of diseases and drugs
7. Adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance
8. Methods to generate safety data during preclinical, clinical and post approval phases of drugs' life cycle
9. Drug safety evaluation in paediatrics, geriatrics, pregnancy and lactation
10. Pharmacovigilance Program of India (PvPI) requirement for ADR reporting in India
11. ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR, expedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning
12. CIOMS requirements for ADR reporting
13. Writing case narratives of adverse events and their quality.

Course Content

Unit I

10 Hours

Introduction to Pharmacovigilance

- History and development of Pharmacovigilance
- Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine
- WHO international drug monitoring programme
- Pharmacovigilance Program of India (PvPI)

Introduction to adverse drug reactions

- Definitions and classification of ADRs
- Detection and reporting
- Methods in Causality assessment
- Severity and seriousness assessment
- Predictability and preventability assessment
- Management of adverse drug reactions

Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance

- Terminologies of adverse medication related events
- Regulatory terminologies

Unit II **10hours**

Drug and disease classification

- Anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification of drugs
- International classification of diseases
- Daily defined doses
- International Nonproprietary Names for drugs

Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance

- WHO adverse reaction terminologies
- MedDRA and Standardised MedDRA queries
- WHO drug dictionary
- EudraVigilance medicinal product dictionary

Information resources in pharmacovigilance

- Basic drug information resources
- Specialised resources for ADRs

Establishing pharmacovigilance programme

- Establishing in a hospital
- Establishment & operation of drug safety department in industry
- Contract Research Organisations (CROs)
- Establishing a national programme

Unit III **10Hours**

Vaccine safety surveillance

- Vaccine Pharmacovigilance
- Vaccination failure
- Adverse events following immunization

Pharmacovigilance methods

- Passive surveillance—Spontaneous reports and case series
- Stimulated reporting
- Active surveillance—Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries
- Comparative observational studies—
Cross sectional study, case control study and cohort study
- Targeted clinical investigations

Communication in pharmacovigilance

- Effective communication in Pharmacovigilance
- Communication in Drug Safety Crisis management
- Communicating with Regulatory Agencies, Business Partners, Healthcare facilities & Media

UnitIV	8Hours
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Safetydatageneration

- Preclinicalphase
- Clinicalphase
- Postapprovalphase(PMS)

ICHGuidelinesforPharmacovigilance

- OrganizationandobjectivesofICH
- Expeditedreporting
- Individualcasesafetyreports
- Periodicsafetyupdatereports
- Postapprovalexpeditedreporting
- Pharmacovigilanceplanning
- Goodclinicalpracticeinpharmacovigilancestudies

UnitV	7hours
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Pharmacogenomicsofadversedrugreactions

- GeneticsrelatedADRwithexamplefocusingPKparameters.

Drugsafetyevaluationinspecialpopulation

- Paediatrics
- Pregnancyandlactation
- Geriatrics

CIOMS

- CIOMSWorkingGroups
- CIOMSForm

CDSO(India)andPharmacovigilance

- D&CActandScheduleY
- DifferencesinIndianandglobalpharmacovigilancerequirements

RecommendedBooks(Latestedition):

1. TextbookofPharmacovigilance:SKGupta,JaypeeBrothers,Medical Publishers.
2. PracticalDrugSafetyfromAtoZByBartonCobert,PierreBiron,JonesandBartlettPublishers.
3. Mann'sPharmacovigilance:ElizabethB.Andrews,Nicholas,WileyPublishers.
4. Stephens'DetectionofNewAdverseDrugReactions:JohnTalbot,PatrickWalle,WileyPublishers.
5. AnIntroductiontoPharmacovigilance:PatrickWaller,WileyPublishers.
6. Cobert'sManualofDrugSafetyandPharmacovigilance:BartonCobert,Jones&Bartlett Publishers.
7. TextbookofPharmacoepidemiologeditedbyBrianL.Strom,StephenEKimmel,SeanHennessey,WileyPublishers.
8. ATextbookofClinicalPharmacyPractice-EssentialConceptsandSkills:G.Parthasarathi,Karin NyfortHansen,MilapC.Nahata
9. NationalFormularyofIndia
10. TextBookofMedicinebyYashpal Munjal

11. TextbookofPharmacovigilance:conceptandpracticebyGPMohantaandPKManna
12. <http://www.whoumc.org/DynPage.aspx?id=105825&mn1=7347&mn2=7259&mn3=7297>
13. <http://www.ich.org/>
14. <http://www.cioms.ch/>
15. <http://cdsco.nic.in/>
16. http://www.who.int/vaccine_safety/en/
17. http://www.ipc.gov.in/PvPI/pv_home.html

BP806ET.QUALITYCONTROLANDSTANDARDIZATIONOFHERBALS (Theory)

Scope: In this subject the student learns about the various methods and guidelines forevaluation and standardization of herbs and herbal drugs. The subject also provides anopportunity forthestudenttolearncGMP,GAPandGLPintraditionalsystemofmedicines.

Objectives:Upon completionofthesubjectstudentsshallbeableto;

1. knowWHO guidelines forqualitycontrol ofherbal drugs
2. knowQualityassurance in herbaldrugindustry
3. knowtheregulatoryapprovalprocessandtheirregistrationinIndianandintern
ationalmarkets
4. appreciateEUandICH guidelinesforqualitycontrolofherbaldrugs

UnitI **10 hours**
Basic testsfordrugs–Pharmaceuticalsubstances,Medicinalplantsmaterialsanddosageforms
WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal
drugs.Evaluationofcommercialcrudedrugsintended
foruse

UnitII **10 hours**
QualityassuranceinherbaldrugindustryofcGMP,GAP,GMPandGLPintraditional system
of medicine.

WHO GuidelinesoncurrentgoodmanufacturingPractices(cGMP)forHerbalMedicinesWHO
Guidelines onGACPforMedicinal Plants.

UnitIII **10 hours**
EU andICHguidelinesfor qualitycontrol ofherbal drugs.
ResearchGuidelinesfor EvaluatingtheSafetyand EfficacyofHerbal Medicines

UnitIV **08hours**
Stabilitytestingofherbalmedicines.Applicationofvariouschromatographictechniquesinstand
ardizationof herbal products.
PreparationofdocumentsfornewdrugapplicationandexportregistrationGMP
requirementsandDrugs&CosmeticsAct provisions.

UnitV**07 hours**

Regulatory requirements for herbal medicines.

WHO guidelines on safety monitoring of herbal medicines in pharmacovigilance systems Comparison of various Herbal Pharmacopoeias.

Role of chemical and biological markers in standardization of herbal products

Recommended Books:(Latest Editions)

1. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
2. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
3. Rangari, V.D., Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry Vol.I, Carrier Pub., 2006.
4. Aggrawal, S.S., Herbal Drug Technology. Universities Press, 2002.
5. EMEA. Guidelines on Quality of Herbal Medicinal Products/Traditional Medicinal Products,
6. Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India, 2002.
7. Shinde M.V., Dhalwal K., Potdar K., Mahadik K. Application of quality control principles to herbal drugs. International Journal of Phytomedicine 1(2009); p.4-8.
8. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1998. WHO Guidelines for the Appropriate Use of Herbal Medicines. WHO Regional Publications, Western Pacific Series No 3, WHO Regional office for the Western Pacific, Manila, 1998.
9. WHO. The International Pharmacopeia, Vol. 2: Quality Specifications, 3rd edn. World Health Organization, Geneva, 1981.
10. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials. World Health Organization, Geneva, 1999.
11. WHO. WHO Global Atlas of Traditional, Complementary and Alternative Medicine. 2 vol. set. Vol. 1 contains text and Vol. 2, maps. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2005.
12. WHO. Guidelines on Good Agricultural and Collection Practices (GACP) for Medicinal Plants. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2004.

BP807ET.COMPUTERAIDEDDRUGDESIGN(Theory)

45HoursS

cope: This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge of rational drug design process and various techniques used in rational drug design process.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand

- Design and discovery of lead molecules
- The role of drug design in drug discovery process
- The concept of QSAR and docking
- Various strategies to develop new drug like molecules.
- The design of new drug molecules using molecular modeling software

Course Content:

UNIT-I

10Hours

Introduction to Drug Discovery and Development

Stages of drug discovery and development

Lead discovery and Analog Based Drug Design

Rational approach to lead discovery based on traditional medicine, Random screening, Non-random screening, serendipitous drug discovery, lead discovery based on drug metabolism, lead discovery based on clinical observation.

Analog

Based Drug

Design: Bioisosterism, Classification, Bioisosteric replacement.

Any three case studies

UNIT-II

10Hours

Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship (QSAR)

SAR versus QSAR, History and development of QSAR, Types of physicochemical parameters, experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of physicochemical parameters such as Partition coefficient, Hammett's substituent constant and Taft's steric constant. Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis, 3D-QSAR approaches like COMFA and COMSIA.

UNIT-III

10Hours

Molecular Modeling and virtual screening techniques

Virtual Screening techniques: Drug likeness screening, Concept of pharmacophore mapping and pharmacophore based Screening,

Molecular docking: Rigid docking, flexible docking, manual docking, Docking based screening. *Denovo* drug design.

UNIT-IV **08Hours****Informatics&Methodsindrugdesign**

IntroductiontoBioinformatics,chemoinformatics.ADMEdatabases,chemical, biochemicalandpharmaceuticaldatabases.

UNIT-V **07Hours**

Molecular Modeling: Introduction to molecular mechanics and quantummechanics.Energy Minimization methods and Conformational Analysis,global conformational minimadetermination.

Recommended Books(LatestEditions)

1. RobertGCK, ed., “DrugAction at theMolecularLevel”UniversityPrak PressBaltimore.
2. MartinYC. “QuantitativeDrugDesign”Dekker,New York.
3. DelgadoJN,RemersWAeds“Wilson&Gisvold’sTextBookofOrganicMedicinal&PharmaceuticalChemistry”Lippincott,New York.
4. Foye WO“Principles ofMedicinalchemistry’Lea&Febiger.
5. KorolkovasA,BurckhalterJH. “EssentialsofMedicinalChemistry”WileyInterscience .
6. Wolf ME, ed “The Basis of Medicinal Chemistry, Burger’s Medicinal Chemistry”John Wiley&Sons,New York.
7. PatrickGraham,L.,AnIntroductiontoMedicinalChemistry,OxfordUniversityPress.
8. SmithHJ,WilliamsH,eds, “IntroductiontotheprinciplesofDrugDesign”WrightBoston.
9. SilvermanR.B.“TheorganicChemistryofDrugDesignandDrugAction”AcademicPress New York.

BP808ET:CELLANDMOLECULARBIOLOGY(Elective subject)

45Hours

Scope:

- Cell biology is a branch of biology that studies cells – their physiological properties, their structure, the organelles they contain, interactions with their environment, their lifecycle, division, death and cell function.
- This is done both on a microscopic and molecular level.
- Cell biology research encompasses both the great diversity of single-celled organisms like bacteria and protozoa, as well as the many specialized cells in multi-cellular organisms such as humans, plants, and sponges.

Objectives: Upon completion of the subject students shall be able to;

- Summarize cell and molecular biology history.
- Summarize cellular functioning and composition.
- Describe the chemical foundations of cell biology.
- Summarize the DNA properties of cell biology.
- Describe protein structure and function.
- Describe cellular membrane structure and function.
- Describe basic molecular genetic mechanisms.
- Summarize the Cell Cycle

Course content:

UnitI

10Hours

- a) Cell and Molecular Biology: Definitions, theory and basics and Applications.
- b) Cell and Molecular Biology: History and Summation.
- c) Properties of cells and cell membrane.
- d) Prokaryotic versus Eukaryotic
- e) Cellular Reproduction
- f) Chemical Foundations – an Introduction and Reactions (Types)

UnitII

10Hours

- a) DNA and the Flow of Molecular Information
- b) DNA Functioning
- c) DNA and RNA
- d) Types of RNA
- e) Transcription and Translation

UnitIII

10Hours

- a) Proteins: Defined and Amino Acids
- b) Protein Structure

- c) RegularitiesinProteinPathways
- d) CellularProcesses
- e) PositiveControlandsignificanceofProteinSynthesis

UnitIV **08Hours**

- a) ScienceofGenetics
- b) TransgenicsandGenomicAnalysis
- c) CellCycleanalysis
- d) MitosisandMeiosis
- e) CellularActivitiesandCheckpoints

UnitV **07Hours**

- a) CellSignals:Introduction
- b) ReceptorsforCellSignals
- c) SignalingPathways:Overview
- d) MisregulationofSignalingPathways
- e) Protein-Kinases:Functioning

RecommendedBooks(latestedition):

1. W.B.HugoandA.D.Russel:PharmaceuticalMicrobiology,BlackwellScientificpublications,OxfordLondon.
2. PrescottandDunn.,IndustrialMicrobiology,4thedition,CBSPublishers&Distributors,Delhi.
3. Pelczar,ChanKreig,Microbiology,TataMcGrawHilledn.
4. MalcolmHarris,BalliereTindallandCox:PharmaceuticalMicrobiology.
5. Rose:IndustrialMicrobiology.
6. Prokhor,Hinsdilletal:FundamentalsofMicrobiology,9thed.Japan
7. CooperandGunn's:TutorialPharmacy,CBSPublisherandDistribution.
8. Peppler:MicrobialTechnology.
9. Edward:FundamentalsofMicrobiology.
10. N.K.Jain:PharmaceuticalMicrobiology,VallabhPrakashan,Delhi
11. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverlycompany
12. B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak: Molecular Biotechnology: Principles andApplicationsofRecombinantDNA: ASMPress WashingtonD.C.
13. RAGoldshyetal.,:KubyImmunology.

BP809ET.COSMETICSCIENCE(Theory)

45Hours

UNITI

10Hours

Classification of cosmetic and cosmeceutical products

Definition of cosmetics as per Indian and EU regulations, Evolution of cosmeceuticals from cosmetics, cosmetics as quasi and OTC drugs

Cosmetic excipients: Surfactants, rheology modifiers, humectants, emollients, preservatives. Classification and application

Skin: Basic structure and function of skin.

Hair: Basic structure of hair. Hair growth cycle.

Oral Cavity: Common problems associated with teeth and gums.

UNITII

10Hours

Principles of formulation and building blocks of skincare products:

Face wash,

Moisturizing cream, Cold Cream, Vanishing cream and their advantages and disadvantages. Application of these products in formulation of cosmeceuticals. **Antiperspirants & deodorants-** Actives & mechanism of action.

Principles of formulation and building blocks of Haircare products:

Conditioning shampoo, Hair conditioner, anti-dandruff shampoo. Hair oils.

Chemistry and formulation of Para-phylene diamine based hair dye. Principles of formulation and building blocks of oral care

products: Toothpaste for bleeding gums, sensitive teeth. Teeth whitening, Mouthwash.

UNITIII

10Hours

Sun protection, Classification of Sunscreens and SPF.

Role of herbs in cosmetics:

Skin Care: Aloe and

turmeric. Haircare: Henna and amla.

Oral care: Neem and clove

Analytical cosmetics: BIS specification and analytical methods for shampoo, skin-cream and toothpaste.

UNITIV

08Hours

Principles of Cosmetic Evaluation: Principles of sebumeter, corneometer. Measurement of TEWL, Skin Color, Hair tensile strength, Hair combing properties

Soaps, and syndet bars. Evolution and skin benefits.

UNITV**07Hours**

Oily and dry skin, causes leading to dry skin, skin moisturisation. Basic understanding of the terms Comedogenic, dermatitis.

Cosmetic problems associated with Hair and scalp: Dandruff, Hair fall causes Cosmetic problems associated with skin: blemishes, wrinkles, acne, prickly heat and body odor.

Antiperspirants and Deodorants - Actives and mechanism of action

References

- 1) Harry's Cosmeticology, Wilkinson, Moore, Seventh Edition, George Godwin.
- 2) Cosmetics – Formulations, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P. Sharma, 4th Edition, Vandana Publications Pvt.Ltd., Delhi.
- 3) Text book of cosmeleontology by Sanju Nanda & Roop K. Khar, Tata Publishers.

BP810ET.EXPERIMENTAL PHARMACOLOGY (PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS)

45Hours

Scope: This subject is designed to impart the basic knowledge of preclinical studies in experimental animals including design, conduct and interpretations of results.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the students shall be able to,

- Appreciate the applications of various commonly used laboratory animals.
- Appreciate and demonstrate the various screening methods used in preclinical research
- Appreciate and demonstrate the importance of biostatistics and research methodology
- Design and execute a research hypothesis independently

Unit-I	08Hours
Laboratory Animals: Study of CPCSEA and OECD guidelines for maintenance, breeding and conduct of experiments on laboratory animals, Common lab animals: Description and applications of different species and strains of animals. Popular transgenic and mutant animals. Techniques for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration in laboratory animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia.	
Unit-II	10Hours
Preclinical screening models a. Introduction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of drug solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham negative and positive control groups. Rationale for selection of animal species and sex for the study. b. Study of screening animal models for Diuretics, nootropics, anti-Parkinson's, antiasthmatics, Preclinical screening models: for CNS activity- analgesic, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, general anaesthetics, sedative and hypnotics, antipsychotic, antidepressant, antiepileptic, antiparkinsonism, alzheimer's disease	

Unit-III	10Hours
Preclinical screening models: for ANS activity, sympathomimetics, sympatholytics, parasympathomimetics, parasympatholytics, skeletal muscle relaxants, drugs acting on eye, local anaesthetics	
Unit-IV Preclinical screening models: for CVS activity- antihypertensives, diuretics, antiarrhythmic, antidiabetic, anti-aggregatory, coagulants, and anticoagulants Preclinical screening models for other important drugs like antiulcer, antidiabetic, anticancer and antiasthmatics.	10Hours

Recommended Books(latest edition):

1. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology - by M.N. Ghosh
2. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology - S.K. Kulakarni
3. CPCSE Guidelines for Laboratory Animal Facility.
4. Drug Discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
5. Drug Screening Methods by Suresh Kumar Gupta and S. K. Gupta
6. Introduction to Biostatistics and Research Methods by PSS Sundar Rao and J Richard

BP811ET. ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES

45Hours

Scope: This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. This subject is designed to impart advanced knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic hyphenated techniques. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the students shall be able to

- understand the advanced instruments used and its applications in drug analysis
- understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.
- understand the calibration of various analytical instruments
- know analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

Course Content:

UNIT-I **10Hours**

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

Principles of H-NMR and C-NMR, chemical shift, factors affecting chemical shift, coupling constant, Spin - spin coupling, relaxation, instrumentation and applications

Mass Spectrometry-Principles, Fragmentation, Ionization techniques– Electron impact, chemical ionization, MALDI, FAB, Analyzers– Time of flight and Quadrupole, instrumentation, applications

UNIT-II **10Hours**

Thermal Methods of Analysis: Principles, instrumentation and applications of Thermogravimetric Analysis (TGA), Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA), Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)

X-Ray Diffraction Methods: Origin of X-rays, basic aspects of crystals, X-ray

Crystallography, rotating crystal technique, single crystal diffraction, powder diffraction, structural elucidation and applications.

UNIT-III **10Hours**

Calibration and validation-as per ICH and USFDA guidelines

Calibration of following Instruments

Electronic balance, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, IR spectrophotometer,

UNIT-IV **08Hours**

Radio immune assay: Importance, various components, Principle, different methods, Limitation and Applications of Radioimmuno assay

Extraction techniques: General principle and procedure involved in the solid phase extraction and liquid-liquid extraction

UNIT-V **07Hours**

Hyphenated techniques-LC-MS/MS, GC-MS/MS, HPTLC-MS.

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma
3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A. Connors
4. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
6. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar
7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D.C. Garrett
9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P.D. Sethi
10. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein

BP812ET.DIETARYSUPPLEMENTSANDNUTRACEUTICALS

No.ofhours:3

Tutorial:1

Credit

point:4Scope:

This subject covers foundational topics that are important for understanding the need and requirements of dietary supplements among different groups in the population.

Objective:

This module aims to provide an understanding of the concepts behind the theoretical applications of dietary supplements. By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand the need of supplements by the different group of people to maintain healthy life.
2. Understand the outcome of deficiencies in dietary supplements.
3. Appreciate the components in dietary supplements and the application.
4. Appreciate the regulatory and commercial aspects of dietary supplements including health claims.

UNIT I **07 hours**

- a. Definitions of Functional foods, Nutraceuticals and Dietary supplements. Classification of Nutraceuticals, Health problems and diseases that can be prevented or cured by Nutraceuticals i.e. weight control, diabetes, cancer, heart disease, stress, osteoarthritis, hypertension etc.
- b. Public health nutrition, maternal and child nutrition, nutrition and ageing, nutrition education in community.
- c. Source, Name of marker compounds and their chemical nature, Medicinal uses and health benefits of following used as nutraceuticals/functional foods: Spirulina, Soybean, Ginseng, Garlic, Broccoli, Gingko, Flaxseeds

UNIT II **15 hours**

Phytochemicals as nutraceuticals: Occurrence and characteristic features (chemical nature, medicinal benefits) of following

- a) Carotenoids- α and β -Carotene, Lycopene, Xanthophylls, leutin
- b) Sulfides: Diallylsulfides, Allyl trisulfide.
- c) Polyphenolics: Resveratrol
- d) Flavonoids-Rutin, Naringin, Quercitin, Anthocyanidins, catechins, Flavones
- e) Prebiotics/Probiotics.: Fructooligosaccharides, Lactobacillus
- f) Phytoestrogens: Isoflavones, daidzein, Geestin, lignans
- g) Tocopherols
- h) Proteins, vitamins, minerals, cereal, vegetables and beverages as functional foods: oats, wheat bran, rice bran, sea foods, coffee, tea and the like.

UNIT III **07 hours**

- a) Introduction to free radicals: Free radicals, reactive oxygen species, production of free radicals in cells, damaging reactions of free radicals on lipids, proteins, Carbohydrates, nucleic acids.

<p>b) Dietary fibres and complex carbohydrates as functional food ingredients..</p> <p>UNIT IV</p> <p>a) Free radicals in Diabetes mellitus, Inflammation, Ischaemic reperfusion injury, Cancer, Atherosclerosis, Free radicals in brain metabolism and pathology, kidney damage, muscle damage. Free radicals involvement in other disorders. Free radicals theory of ageing.</p> <p>b) Antioxidants: Endogenous antioxidants – enzymatic and nonenzymatic antioxidant defence, Superoxide dismutase, catalase, Glutathione peroxidase, Glutathione Vitamin C, Vitamin E, α-Lipoic acid, melatonin Synthetic antioxidants: Butylated hydroxy Toluene, Butylated hydroxy Anisole.</p> <p>c) Functional foods for chronic disease prevention</p>	10 hours
<p>UNIT V</p> <p>a) Effect of processing, storage and interactions of various environmental factors on the potential of nutraceuticals.</p> <p>b) Regulatory Aspects; FSSAI, FDA, FPO, MPO, AGMARK, HACCP and GMPs on Food Safety. Alteration of foods.</p> <p>c) Pharmacopoeial Specifications for dietary supplements and nutraceuticals.</p>	06 hours

References:

1. Dietetics by Sri Lakshmi
2. Role of dietary fibres and nutraceuticals in preventing diseases by K.T Agusti and P.Faizal: BS Publication.
3. Advanced Nutritional Therapies by Cooper K.A., (1996).
4. The Food Pharmacy by Jean Carper, Simon & Schuster, UK Ltd., (1988).
5. Prescription for Nutritional Healing by James F. Balch and Phyllis A. Balch 2nd Edn., Avery Publishing Group, NY (1997).
6. G. Gibson and C. Williams Editors 2000 *Functional foods* Woodhead Publ. Co. London.
7. Goldberg, I. *Functional Foods*. 1994. Chapman and Hall, New York.
8. Labuza, T.P. 2000 *Functional Foods and Dietary Supplements: Safety, Good Manufacturing Practice (GMPs) and Shelf Life Testing* in *Essentials of Functional Foods* M.K. Sachmid and T.P. Labuza eds. Aspen Press.
9. Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods, Third Edition (Modern Nutrition)
10. Shils, ME, Olson, JA, Shike, M. 1994 *Modern Nutrition in Health and Disease*. Eighth edition. Lea and Febiger

SemesterVIII–Elective course on
Pharmaceutical Product Development No of Hours:3 Tutorial:1
Credit points:4

Unit-I **10Hours**

Introduction to pharmaceutical product development, objectives, regulations related to preformulation, formulation development, stability assessment, manufacturing and quality control testing of different types of dosage forms

Unit-II **10Hours**

An advanced study of Pharmaceutical Excipients in pharmaceutical product development with a special reference to the following categories

- i. Solvents and solubilizers
- ii. Cyclodextrins and their applications
- iii. Non-ionic surfactants and their applications
- iv. Polyethylene glycols and sorbitols
- v. Suspending and emulsifying agents
- vi. Semisolid excipients

Unit-III **10Hours**

An advanced study of Pharmaceutical Excipients in pharmaceutical product development with a special reference to the following categories

- i. Tablet and capsule excipients
- ii. Directly compressible vehicles
- iii. Coat materials
- iv. Excipients in parenteral and aerosols products
- v. Excipients for formulation of NDDS

Selection and application of excipients in pharmaceutical formulations with specific industrial applications

Unit-IV **08Hours**

Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical product development. A study of various optimization techniques for pharmaceutical product development with specific examples. Optimization by factorial designs and their applications. A study of QbD and its application in pharmaceutical product development.

Unit-V **07Hours**

Selection and quality control testing of packaging materials for pharmaceutical product development-regulatory considerations.